Records of Buckinghamshire, or Papers and Notes on the History, Antiquities, and Architecture of the County; Together with the Proceedings of the Architectural and Archaeological Society for the County of Buckingham. Founded Nov. 16, 1847. Published by the Society.

Contents of No. 4.—Vol. XI.


A Hougenden Vicar and his Perambulations, 1713-1765. By Coningsby Disraeli.


Fragment of Folio MS. of Archdeaconry Courts of Buckinghamshire. Article IV. By the Rev. F. W. Ragg, M.A., F.R.Hist.S.


PRICES of "RECORDS OF BUCKS,"

Obtainable from The Curator, Bucks County Museum, Aylesbury.

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<td>2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8.</td>
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NOTES.

NEWPORT PAGNELL, BUCKS.

Advantage was taken of the dry summer of 1921 to deepen a pond in a field off the North Crawley Road in the Parish of Newport Pagnell, Bucks (numbered 202 on the Ordnance Survey, 1900, Second Edition). In the course of the work the occupier, Mr. Alfred Bullard, noticed that a quantity of bones and fragments of pottery were being thrown out, and on examination found that the fragments were on the whole small, though some were of a good size, but no whole vessels were discovered. The designs, some 50 in number, were very varied, and though the date of most of the pottery was pre-Roman, there were some Roman pieces. One good flint arrow head was found, and the remains of animal bones were numerous. The fragments of two upright wooden stakes, about 3 or 4 feet high and 6 inches in diameter, were found about 8 feet apart in the mud at the bottom of the pond, and gave rise to a conjecture that they were the supports for the roof of a pit dwelling.

The field is some threequarters of a mile to the East of the Anglo-Saxon Cemetery found in 1899 by Mr. Bullard.

HAVERSHAM.

At the close of 1921 while an arable field, known as Haversham Hill Field, in the Parish of Haversham, Bucks, was being ploughed the lower part of a skeleton was unearthed. The bones had evidently been disturbed from time to time in ploughing, the ground being on a slope, and there was nothing to indicate their date. It is worth noting, however, that another skeleton was found in this field many years ago, and that Roman coins have been found both there and in another field across the road in Little
FIGURE FROM A CRUCIFIX, CAST AND CHASED.

Late XIVth century or early XVth. Height, 38 in.
Linford Parish, known as Haversham Hole. Four of the coins, which are in the possession of Mr. John Souster, the owner of the first-named field, are those of Claudius Gothicus, Constans, Valens, and Constantine the Great. The skeleton may be no more than the remains of a Gipsy, Gipsies having been in the habit years ago of camping in this field, but the coins are interesting in view of other Roman finds which have been made in Haversham from time to time.

[Both the above were kindly communicated by Mr. Fredk. Bull, F.S.A.]

EARLY BRONZE FIGURE FROM ALTAR-CROSS.

A very interesting discovery was made at Ditton Park, in the parish of Stoke Poges; some 120 yards south of the existing chapel, and 2½ feet beneath the surface of the ground a figure, formerly belonging to an altar-cross, was found. It is made of bronze, cast and chased, and is 5-8 inches in length; it is ascribed to the late fourteenth or early fifteenth century. It is of particular interest as showing the excellence of English work at that date, the modelling of the head and face being particularly good.

In the fifth year of Edward III. (1331) Johannes de Molyns was granted a licence to crenellate his "mansum" at Ditton, Bucks.¹ The tower of this house was still standing in the time of James I., when Sir Ralph Winwood, then Principal Secretary of State, and owner of Ditton, rebuilt the mansion on the same site. From the Winwoods it passed to the Dukes of Montagu, to Lord Beaulieu, and to the Duchess of Buccleugh.² The Chapel³ attached to the house was separated from the parish Church by Sir Ralph Winwood, and separately endowed. Presumably the chapel was in good order at that time, but it suffered very soon afterwards, for the Visitation of 1637 reported:

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² Lipscomb, Vol. IV., p. 570.  
³ "In which divine service had been discontinued for many years." Lysons, p. 639.
"Nothing there is in it, nor paved with any manner of stone; there is the compass of windows, though not perfect."  

The house was unluckily burned down in 1812, but subsequently re-built; the Historical Monuments Commissioners found in the chapel "16th and 17th century glass, one piece dated 1526; the font is of late 15th century date . . . . in the wall of the vestry is a glazed tile with foliage, etc."  

Ditton Park is now used as the Admiralty Compass Observatory, and the Director (Captain F. Creagh-Osborne) has kindly lent the photograph which is produced on the opposite side. The figure has been deposited in the Victoria and Albert Museum, South Kensington, where its excellent modelling compares favourably with continental examples of a similar or later date.

GOLD RING FOUND AT WESTON TURVILLE.

By a curious coincidence the next discovery we have to report was also made on property once owned by Sir John de Molyneux, who was granted a licence to crenellate "situm manerii sui" at Weston Turville two years after the issue of the Ditton licence. In the present case, however, the fact is of no interest as the ring which was dug up in the grounds of the present Manor House (where, it will be remembered, the Mount and Bailey of the original house are still to be seen) is of pre-Conquest date, being ascribed to the ninth century, and called by the British Museum a "Viking" ring. It is of very rude workmanship, consisting of a plain gold bar twisted round and round until it resembled a cable and then bent into the shape of a small ring, and the ends welded together with a marked flattening of the metal at the juncture. Although not interesting as a work of art in the same way as the figure mentioned above is interesting, the ring forms a good example of early British work, and

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it is to be regretted that it has passed into the pos-
session of the British Museum\(^1\) rather than rest in our
own Museum. While it may be accessible to more
students in Bloomsbury there are other examples of
such work already there, and our own collection will
attract those interested in direct ratio to the quantity
and variety which it can show to the visitor.

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**FLINT-IMPLEMENTS FOUND NEAR
BLETCHLEY.**

The type set of flint implements prepared by Mr.
Hollis for use in the County elementary schools was
demonstrated and lectured upon several times to the
older boys in the Bletchley Council School, by the
Hon. Sec., Mr. Bradbrook, and, encouraged by the
head master, Mr. F. G. Melton, the boys have found
a remarkable number of interesting objects. Some
they have kindly presented to our Museum, and they
are acknowledged on another page, but in addition
they have found—

- An eolithic hand-axe (at Brooklands Gravel-pit,
  Fenny Stratford).
- Various ovate axes of the Chellian type (at Yards
  End Gravel-pit, Fenny Stratford, and Canal
  Dredging Bank).
- Various axes of the Mousterian type (from Ouse
  Bed, Saffron Gardens).
- A Neolithic axe (broken, from Yards End Gravel-
  pit).
- Fragments of Spear-heads.
- A bronze socketed celt (in Jack Ironcap Lane,
  Great Brickhill).

Their success is a striking proof of the advantage
which must arise when the attention of intelligent
boys is properly directed, and Mr. Bradbrook and Mr.
Melton are to be sincerely congratulated upon the
result of their efforts.

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\(^1\) When seen at the B.M. on 4th January, 1923, it had not yet
been placed on public exhibition.
ANNUAL EXCURSION, 1922.

The annual excursion was made to London, where visits were paid to the Church of St. Bartholomew the Great, to the Charterhouse, the Priory Church of St. John of Jerusalem, St. John’s Gate, and Butchers’ Hall. The wonderful twelfth century building of St. Bartholomew was explained to the visitors by Mr. E. A. Webb, Churchwarden, and Mr. H. W. Fincham, F.S.A., performed the same kind office of lecturer during the visit to St. John’s Church and Gate, where very much of the highest interest was to be seen. Mr. Philip Rutland, master of the Butchers’ Company, gave a short address upon the history of that Company, and provided tea for the members present.

It is unnecessary to describe in detail places outside our county; a full description of all that the large number of members present were shown appeared in the Bucks Herald of 1st July, 1922; the account contains one slip, however, for it states that the annual excursion had probably never been held in London; that is not so, because in 1880 the Society visited Westminster Abbey, Lambeth Palace, and Temple Church. (See Records, vol. v., p. 149—152.)
ADDITIONS TO MUSEUM AND LIBRARY.

Several important additions have been made to the Museum during the past year; chief amongst them are:—

**Coins.**

**COLLECTION OF COINS AND TOKENS** (miscellaneous) (Miss Boyson).

**COLLECTION OF COINS AND MEDALS,** including a gold noble of Edward IV., and a Cromwellian medal struck for the Battle of Dunbar (Mr. J. Griffin).

**SUNDARY TOKENS OF THE SEVENTEENTH AND EIGHTEENTH CENTURIES** (Messrs. G. M. Adams, W. Crouch, W. C. Morris, and W. Rickard. Also by exchange and purchase.)

**DENARIUS OF SEPTIMUS SEVERUS,** found in Tring Road, Aylesbury (Mr. C. Janes).

**Extant Fauna.**

**QUAIL** (coturnix communis), killed at Weston Turville (Mr. W. Crouch).

**STOAT** $, almost completely white, killed at Norduck, Aston Abbotts (Mr. F. Batson).

**Fossils.**

**PORTION OF MAMMOTH TUSK,** from Cuddington (Mr. G. H. Wiltshire).

**MAMMOTH MOLARS,** from Cippenham (Eton Rural District Council).

**FISH** (pholidophorus), from Calvert (a very fine specimen indeed) (Mr. A. Itter).

**Implements.**

**FLINT IMPLEMENTS,** from Bletchley or Brickhills (J. Robinson, W. Sonster, and F. Claridge, schoolboys aged 10-12 years, who found them).

**Sundries.**

**POTTERY** (fragments), from Tickford Estate, Newport Pagnell (Mr. A. Bullard).

**COIN WEIGHTS AND SCALES,** in case (Mrs. J. C. Baker).

**Small COLLECTION OF FIREARMS** (Mrs. H. Hollis).
ACCOUNT OF BRITISH COINS, found near Wycombe, 1827 (Mr. W. Crouch).

SERMON PREACHED AT AYLESBURY ASSIZES, 1693-4, by Rev. A. Campion (Dr. J. Shaw).

"BERKS, BUCKS, AND OXON ARCHAEOLOGICAL JOURNAL" (set), (Mr. G. Weller).

HISTORY OF WESTBURY, annotated by author, the Rev. R. Ussher (The Author).

BUCKS DEEDS, various (Exors. of late F. A. Crisp, purchased, and exchanged).

PAPERS OF CHURCHWARDENS AND OVERSEERS OF STOKE GOLDINGTON (late 18th century) (Mrs. Gordon).

PARCHMENT COPIES OF COURT ROLLS, West Wycombe (Mr. A. C. Chibnall).

Engravings, Etc.

VARIOUS (Mr. W. Crouch).

SIR W. LEE, 1738 (Mr. A. E. Holloway).

DRAWINGS OF S. AFRICAN WILD FLOWERS (Lady Smyth).